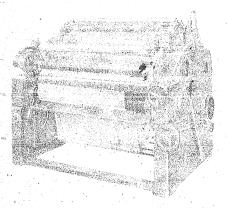
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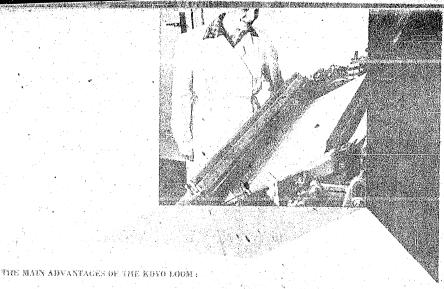
The shuttle-less jet loom





the machine which you have always longed for

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Compared with the former most efficient shuttle looms the jet been atrains double output - 400 t. p. m.

It weighs only 900 kilos, which means that it is considerably lighter than an ordinary shuttle loom.

The fount requires a mace smaller dear secondly 2.50 sq. metres, and this represents a very great economy in mill floor-space.

As the jet loom weaves direct from traverse wound comes no pirm winders are needed. In this

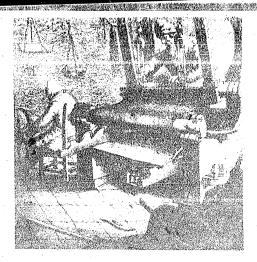
you find another great money saver, there being no need to purchase automatic pieu winders, piras, pira cleaning machines, etc., and in addition you save further space in the winding department.

The consumption of electric power is considerably less.

There is no need of conditioning and water chambers,

Further great economies are gained as regards attendance. Less personnel are needed as there is no work for magazine fillers, winders and tube cleaners.

One of the main advantages



HE KOVO SHUTTLE-LESS JET LOOM - THE MACHINE WHICH YOU HAVE ALWAYS LONGED FOR

From the old technical factor your amounts to the most initiating of last fluctuations and remove and longing have non-technic reality. We after the most efficient boson of these and remove the noise, the greatest exil of the wearing roll from to the doubless. The most factor is

It is no more accident that the new KOVO shutthes become to the constant of the evolution of weaving bonns, has its occur in Conclusionals. The land where people have been engaged in the weaving trade since able times, and where filters are made which passess tradition and a world-wide fance.

It can be said that the KOVO jet beam represents the result of the law were and early studies and rests, i.e. of careful scientific research.

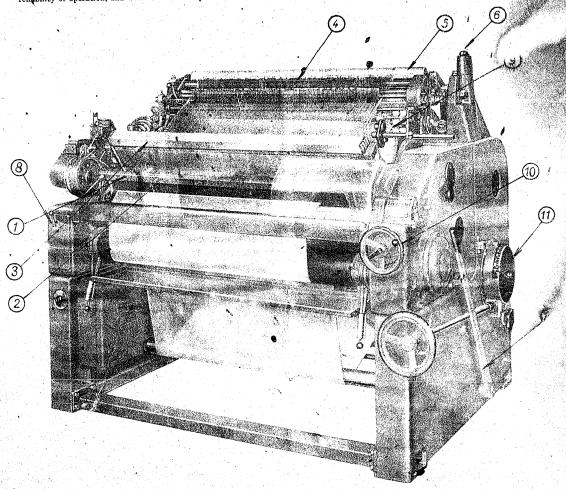
The advantages of the jet hum as compared with the most efficient existing shattle locals are far-reaching and offer you unprecedented possibilities and perspectives and without sure doubt, a great advantage over your competitors.

Therefore do not hesitate and equip your mill with the KOVO shuttle-less looms.

## Other Features for your further information:

As a result of perfect designing, all the elements which caused impacts on former looms have been removed.

The KOVO jet loom is equipped with quite new and purposefully designed mechanisms which do away with many of the unconomical arrangements on the ordinary shuttle looms which can no longer satisfy the demands regarding output, attendance, required floor space, reliability of operation, and wear resistance of parts.



- 1. Picking mechanism
- 2. Reed
- 3. Harness
- 4. Warp stop motion
- 5. Back-rest
- 6. Signalling equipment
- 7. Drive of the loom
- 8. Starting lever

- 9. Selvedge motion
- 10. Take-up motion
- 11, Let-off motion
- 12. Brakes

The smaller number of parts raises the technical capacity of the loom and lessens the possibility of stoppages. Maintenance becomes easier, maintenance costs cheaper, lower requirements of spare parts and their storage. The incline of the weaving plane into a suitably chosen angle, which facilitates attendance and reduces the floor space covered by the loom, represents another radical change. Easy reach of the warp stop motion makes it possible for the weaver to repair immediately most yarn breakages without walking round the loom, which results in a higher output of the loom.

Another feature of this machine is the arrangement of the warp beam and the cloth beam, which are located one above the other at the rear of the machine so that they can be transported through one single passage and the weaver need not be disturbed in his work.

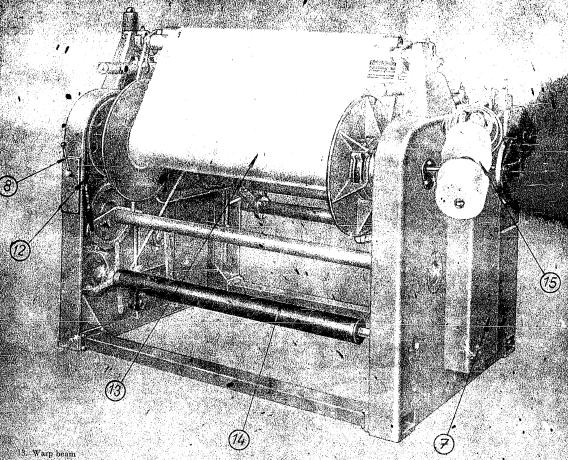
Unnecessary and undesirable exertion and noise disappear and the life of the machine is prolonged.

The absence of a shuttle makes at possible to reduce the size of the shed and to shorten the heating up of the resulting reduced stress on the warp and the west threads allows the working of materials which have no great strength. It also reduces the frequency of warp or west breakages and thus increases the efficiency of the loops.

Due to the absence of a shuttle-box and the mechanisms connected with the picking device, the number of parts in a jet loom is greatly reduced which results in the attainment of a very simple design.

reduced which resulf in the attainment of a very sumple to the machine ensures stability and noiseless operation even at high speeds.
The direction of the slew motion towards the lines of the machine ensures stability and noiseless operation even at high speeds, waying up the carried out without the loom bank Holde to the floor.

The boom does not reach above the average eye neight of all operator so that a mill equipped with the sulgement easy, to be supe

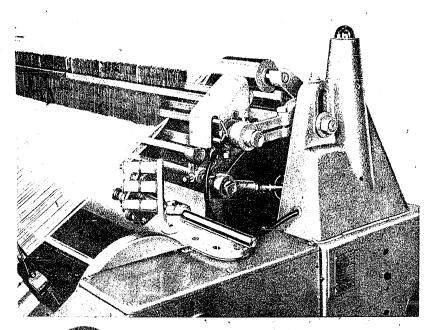


- 15. Location of cross-wound wound bobbin
- 16. Rear starting lever

The design is of advantage for assembling and carrying out of repairs so that individual mechanisms can be repaired away from the machine (for instance the driving mechanism can be completely replaced).

### Description of the Loom:

The Loom is intended for weaving glass fibres, polyamid staple doubled and cotton warps. It is of robust box-type design and fully balanced in operation so that even at the highest speed of 400 r.p. m.it need not be fixed to the floor. The gears are located in a seated oil bath. The shafts ruring self-lubricated bearings or ball bearings so that the demands as to lubrication are minimal. Parts which come into contact with water are of rust resisting materials or are surface protected.



The Warp Beam is located above the cloth beam at the rear of the machine and has been chosen with a maximum beam diameter of 700 mm (27.1 $\frac{1}{2}$  $\frac{1}{2}$ ). Its flanges are of aluminum and the diameter of the beam tube is 150 mm (6"),

The Let-off Motion is suitable for every kind of material. It requires small attendance or up-keep. It is a differential band brake with a torsion spring (see fig. 3).

It ensures fine and regular letting off and smooth oscillation of the beam even at the highest speed. The regulation of the brake tension is performed from the working position of the weaver by means of a hand wheel situated on the right hand side of the loom. Quick releasing of the warp is also performed from here. (See Fig. 2.)

The Back-Rest consists of two rotary seated rollers, the position of which is adjustable in height and in depth. It can be used as a firm, spring loaded, floating, or floatingly spring loaded back-rest. It is

designed so as not to be influenced by the reducing of the beam diameter. (See Fig. 1.)

The Warp Stop Motion is electrical and of the four-row type. By means of a control lever on the left hand side the position of the breakage can be as easily found as with a mechanical warp stop motion. (See fig. 1.)

The Harness is completely of recipitated afrormal design, the position, aming and size of the shed is adjustable. The heald-shafts are all of metal, precision scated and easily exchangeable, Length of healds 220 mm (8.34").

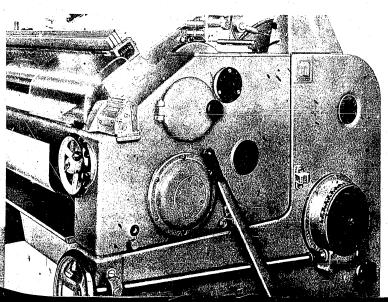
The Reed is soldered and made of stainless material, It is 110 mer  $(1^4 \, g'')$  high and fitted into a slay of light construction. The absence of a shartle allows the use of finer reed wires, an advantage when working with very time yards or varus of irregular thackness. (See Fig. 4.)

The Take-up Motion is of multiple parol type, and in a range of 40 - 50 pieks not parts need be exchanged. The number of pieks can be adjusted by means of an adjusting  $-c_0$  w. An exchange of one gent is necessary above or below this piek range. Instead of a sand roller the home is provided with two rubber coated rollers which tension the cloth. Their pressure can be adjusted by a lever. They are attached to the take-up motion and also press out surplus moist<sup>a</sup>re from the fabric.

The Cloth Winding is negative. The maximum diameter of the wound cloth beam is 500 mm (20"). Instead of a wooden beam, a tube of synthetic

substance is used which is easily removable on the rear of the machine, even during the operation. The Picking Mechanism is of special design and objectable for all kinds of the usual wefts. It is located on the left hand side wall of the loom and works with minimum stress of the weft yarn. The weft is fed from a crosswound cone seated on the side wall of the loom and accessible from

The weft is fed from a crosswound cone seated on the side wall of the loom and accessible from the rear as well as from the front passage. The swivelling cone holder enables an easy exchange of the cones and the donning of spare bobbins away from the weaver's operating position. The whole picking mechanism works reliably. It is adjustable according to a cyclical diagram and therefore



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its setting up does not require any skill or qualification of the operator. (See Fig. 4.)

The Weft Stop Motion is seated on the right selved ge end and gives an electric impulse for stopping the machine.

Leno Selvedge Motion.

The Loom is started by means of a lever on the left hand side wall of the loom or from the rear of the machine, where another starting lever is located on the opposite side wall.

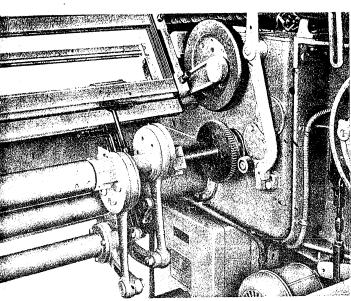
Stopping of the loom is performed by the starting

The Loom Brake is highly effective so that the machine stops within one revolution.

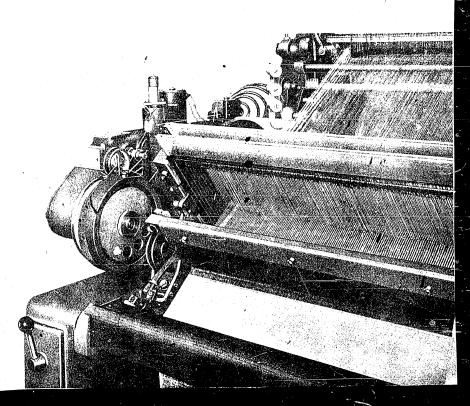
Signalling Equipment. On the right side wall there is a dial counter indicating the number of woven metres with a precision allowance of 0.1 metre (4"). The length of the piece can be adjusted as required. The machine stops automatically when the piece has been woven and lights a red lamp which is fitted at the highest point of the right hand side wall and signals to the attendant who is in charge of the fabric delivery. (See Fig. 1.)

The Electric Installation is accommodated in a selfcontained tightened box. The wiring runs in armoured cables.

The Drive is effected by a motor of standard type, 1400 r. f. m., 0.27 - 0.45 kW. The principle of the machine allows slow starting and therefore the motors need not be of high starting torque.







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### Main Technical Data:

Reed width (Working width conformingly) Working speed

Working speed Power consumption Weight of machine net Weight of machine gross Floor space taken up Weaves

Stop motions Motor

400 r. p. m. max. 0.25 — 0.45 kW. 1984 lbs 2866 lbs 13 q 2.5 sq. m. plain 2.98 sq. yds

electrical 220/380 V. 0.45 kW

As improvements are constantly being carried out the technical data of this leaflet are not binding.

The new KOVO shuttle-less jet loom is indisputably a machine of world wide significance marking a revolutionary change in the production of weaving looms. It has been patented in all countries because the interest it has aroused all over the world is really extraordinary.

The loom is the result of long years of experiences in textile production and in, the production of weaving looms of the most modern conception and eliminates all the disadvantages of shuttle looms.

We shall be glad to supply you also. Ask for our offer.

KOVO. PRAHA - CZECHOSLOVAKIA

ČOK 32118 a - 5408 - Sčt 04 - 998

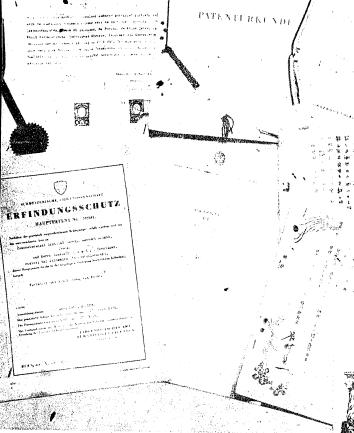


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ninth

Printed in Czechoslovakia





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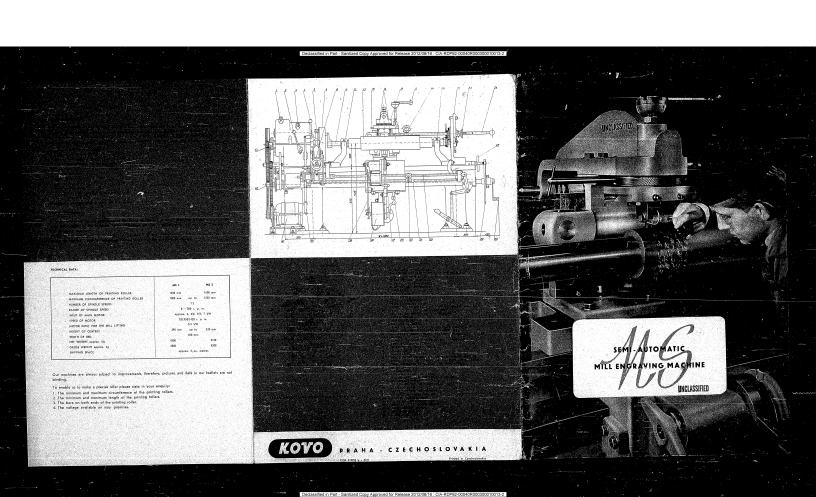
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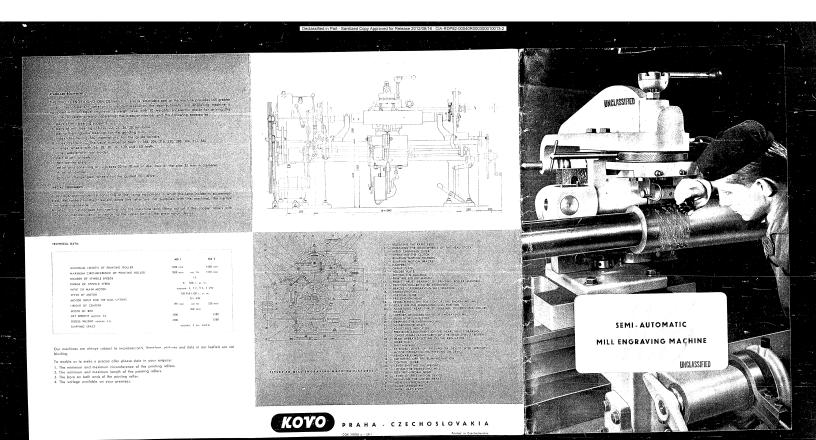


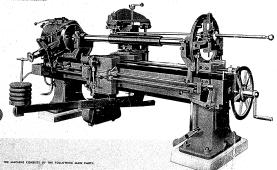
# \* CLICANDAR CORVERORS IN VIS

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Printed in Czechoślovakia







This BID, his is of exceptionally negled construction, to exclude deflection, and is made of high grade cast shell. The position retries for the listin, and the bearings of the pictoling poller are precision ground to a vary close between, i. e. to reveral hundred parts of a militarity and are inserted for it along the whole langth.

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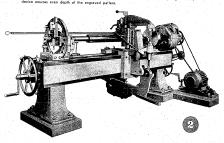
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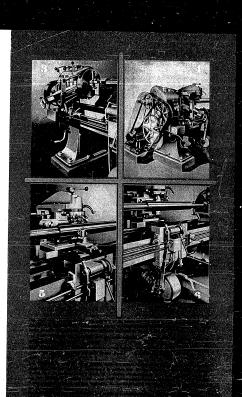
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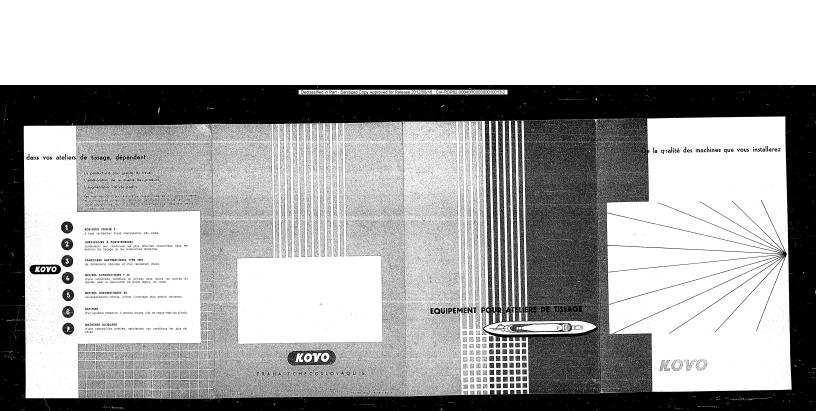
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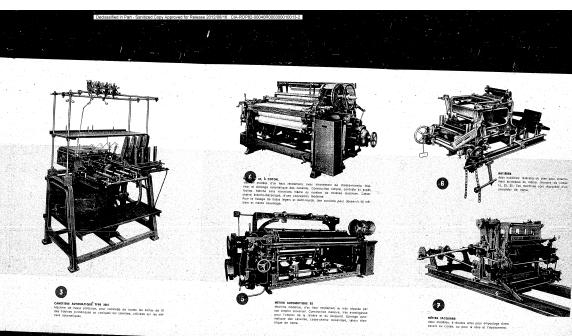
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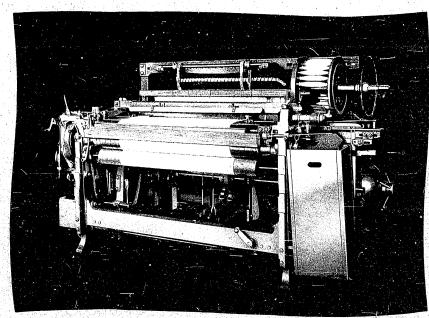






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CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE



automatic Looms

KOVO



We are submitting herewith our leaflet We are submitting herewith our leaflet on the fully automatic cotton loom F44 which should acquiant you with the advantages of the loom, with its simple design, and with the resulting easy operation. The loom F44 has been exported to countries all over the world for many years and has found universal approval due to its reliability and high cutour. and high output;



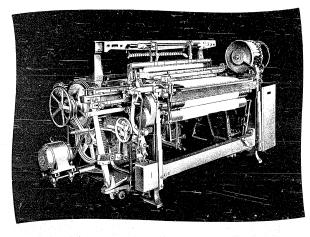
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Indonesia Canada Mexiko

Brazil

Argentine Uruguay



#### AUTOMATIC COTTON LOOMS F 44

- AUTOMATIC COTTON LOOMS F 44
  meet the requirements of all modern satomatic weaving mills due to their folowing features:

   Simple, yet purposeful design.
   Individual control mechanisms eliminate damage to the machine and ensure absolutely reliable operation.
   The machine runs smoothly as the main shafts are carried by ball bearings.
   Simple and quiet setting.
   Every lubricating spot is easily accessible.
   Best quality material and precise machining sateguard long life of the machine.
   The low siturative of the machine inclinates the surveying of the woven fabric and of all mechanisms, as there is good access of light.

- mechanisms, as there is good access to the mechanisms, as there is good access to the comments of the first quality of woven goods.

   High quality of woven goods.
   Subtantially increased productivity at full utilization of maximum effective output of the loom.
   Reduced operating costs, as the machine may be operated by unskilled labour. In our experience 1 trained weaver can attend to as many as 50 looms under normal working conditions and when weaving medium quality goods.
   Minimum maintenance costs due to considerably long wear of the individual component parts.

The individual parts of all the three types of looms are interchangeable, this being one more money saving factor, because it is not necessary to keep 3 different stocks of spares.

These looms have the following sizes:

Type A 44 — working width 103 cm
Type F 44 — working width 113 cm
Type E 44 — working width 135 cm





### PIRN BATTERY

The looms are equipped with automatic pirn changing mechanisms. The pirn battery holds 24 pirns. When fully charged the battery drum is turned into position by a pawl and locked, until the next pirn exchange takes pince. The standard setting of the pirm battery is for a pirn length of 190 mm a ring head dameter of 30 mm, but the pirn battery may be also adjusted for other pirn lengths from 160 mm upward.

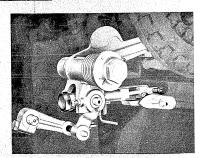
The TELESCOPIC LEVER

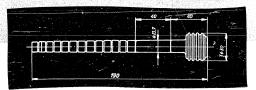


The TELESCOPIC LEVER is the very heart of our automatic loom. It saves you money, it does not deprive you of profits, it does not deprive you of profits, it does not increases the qualitom to a faulty setting of the loom and increases the qualitom of the company of the company of the company of the whole fabric by the projecting pin end or in the breaking of the subtuilt and in dramage to the automatic pin changing mechanism — defects

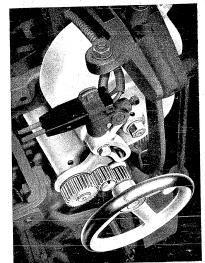


often occurring with looms of other makes. When the electric feeler de-When the electric feeler development of the electric feeler development of the electric feeler development of the electric feeler development. The shears at the end of the lever cut off and mutil the time when this is held by the temple. He shuttle is not in the correct feeler development, the shuttle penting, but strikes against the shuttle wall, the feeler deep not give an impulse for the pirm changing.

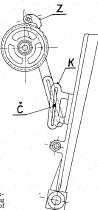




## TAKE-UP MOTION



The take-up motion may be set for 10—40 weft ends to 1 centimetre according to the required number of ends. When setting 8—40 weft ends to 1 centimetre a ratchet wheel is used having a many network of the setting to the setting the setting the setting to the setting the

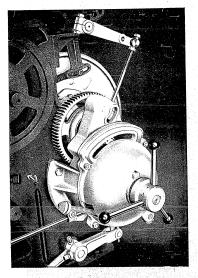


For densities of 10-17 weft ends per 1 centimetre the racking of the take-up motion pawl (Z) is set by shifting the peg (C) in the slot (K) according to the Table of Numbers of Ends (Densities).

Number of teeth of exchangeable w	of the .	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	29
		Density .: number of west ends to 1 cm	
The pawl	1 tooth	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	29
racks by	2 teeth	10 10,5 11 11,0 12 120 10 100	14,
1	3 teeth		

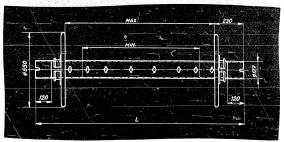
Number of teeth of the exchangeable wheel	30	31	32	33	34	33 36	37 38	39	40
	T		Dens	ity :	num	ber of w	eft ends to	1 cm	
, 1 tooth		31	3.2	33	34	35 36	37 38	39	40
The pawl racks by 2 teeth	15					17,5 18	18,5 19	19,5	20
3 teeth	10	10.3		11		11.6 12	12,3 12,6	13	13,3

## LET-OFF MOTION



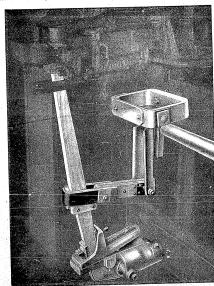
The warp tension is controlled by a let-off motion situated in the casing at the right side of the loom. The oscillations of the back rest are transmitted by the tierod T to the let-off mechanism which equalizes the tension of the warp threads by releasing the warp. The warp is released and the warp beam turned in both directions by a clutch which is disengaged by any of the three arms and engaged again after the gearing of the let-off motion has turned a little.

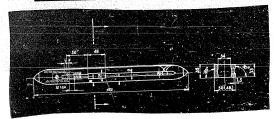
Туре	A 44 — L	= 1505
maximu minimu		1045 790
F 44 — 1	= 1605 1145	
E 44 1	_ 1825	
	1365	



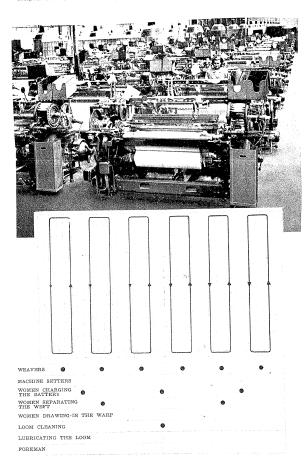
### PICKING MECHANISM

The equipment for shuttle picking is of simple rocker design. The picking arm is provided with a safety insertion so that should the tension spring break, the arm cannot be thrown up and damage the pirn battery mechanism.



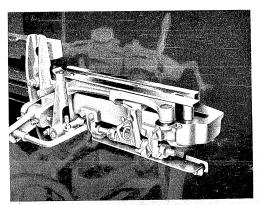


The accurate and clever design of the loom facilitates attendance, so that it is by no means exceptional when 50 looms are operated by one woman.

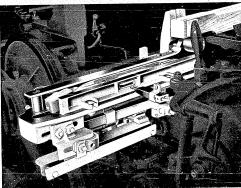


and auxiliary labour according to the individual needs of the mill,

## SHUTTLE BOXES



During the picking operation the shuttle is braked in the shuttle boxes by braking arms and braking fingers. The braking arms as well as the braking fingers are covered with leather which increases the friction.

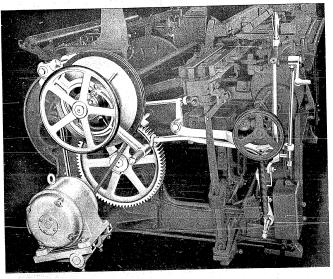


In the front shuttle wall there is an opening through which the electric feeler checks the weft quantity on the pirn. When the weft is running out, the contacts touch the sheet iron collar of the pirn and by means of an electric magnet an impulse is given for the pirn changing.

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## STARTING AND DRIVING THE LOOM

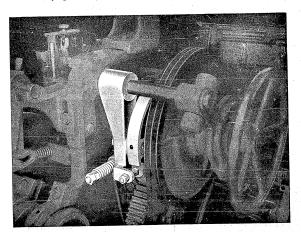
The starting lever is situated at the left side of the loom. Its motion is transmitted by a lever to a sleeve which actuates the clutch disc. The clutch disc is driven from the motor by a Vec-belt. When the loom is started this cork-covered disc is pressed by the sleeve firmly to the crankshaft disc, but when rotating the loom by hand it is necessary

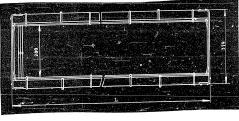


to relieve the disc by means of the pawl. When the loom starts running, the pawl returns automatically back.

### BRAKE

The brake is situated on the supporting spindle of the starting lever sleeve. Whenever the machine is stopped, the brake bears effectively against the brake disc which is fixed to the crankshaft. Higher or lower friction effect is obtained by adjusting the spring tension by set nuts.



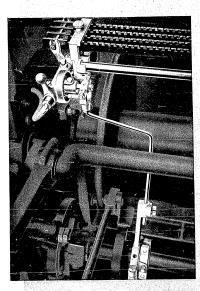


A 44 — L = 1080

 $\mathrm{F\,44}-\mathrm{L} = 1180$ 

E44-L=1400

### WARP STOP MOTION



Either an electric or an electromechanical warp stop motion may be fitted to the machine according to order. The electromechanical stop motion has all the advantages of a mechanical stop motion, combined with the simplicity of electrical transmission. This latest arrangement has proved very satisfactory and is supplied with most machines, as there is no chance of the warp waste catching fire.

The electro-mechanical warp stop motion is driven from the eccenter via the disengaging disc to the warp dropper bar. When the warp thread breaks, the warp dropper stops the motion of the warp dropper bar, the disc is deflected, the electric circuit closes and the loom stops.

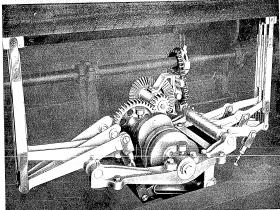
When ordering either the electrical or the electromechanical warp stop motion indicate always exactly the voltage of the single-phase lighting current for the transformer.



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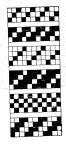
## FIVE-SHAFT SHEDDING MOTION

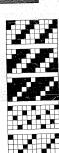
As a special accessory we supply an equipment for weaving 3 shaft, 4 shaft, 5 shaft weaves, or 2 shaft and 4 shaft linens. The lift and the motion of this equipment are guided, so that any reverse motion of the shafts is eliminated. The shafts are controlled by tie-rods with special chucks so that the setting of the picking motion remains unchanged for the whole time of weaving. The grooved eccenters are machined on special machines so that they have an absolutely precise shape. They are delivered on order for these weaves.



A selvedge weave attachment is delivered for this equipment on special order. The individual weave repeats may be combined.

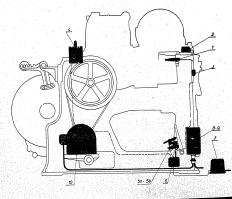
When ordering kindly state for instance: eccenters for 2:2 weave and selvedge weave attachment.





# ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

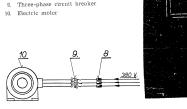
The electrical installation of the F 44 loom is exceptionally simple as shown on the enclosed picture and diagram. The low voltage for the electric stop motion is  $12\ V$  and that for the electric magnet is  $40\ V$ .

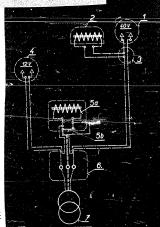


### LOW VOLTAGE WIRING DIAGRAM

- 1. Weft feeler
- Electromagnet of the weft feeler
- Switchbox
- 4. Warp stop motion
- 5a. Electromagnet of the warp stop motion
- 5b. Low voltage circuit breaker
- 6. Terminal box
- Transformer or transformer unit of 40 and 12 V secondary tension

  Fuses 10 A
  Three-phase circuit breaker





#### TECHNICAL DATA

Туре	Working width	Reed width	Minim. speed RPM	Maxim speed RPM	Recom. speed RPM	Input	Max. tension of warp threads	Machine weight
A 44	103 cm	110 cm	170	200	185	0,66 kW	220 kg	1200 kg
F 44	113 cm	120 cm	170	200	180	0,75 kW	220 kg	1230 kg
E 44	135 cm	142 cm	170	185	175	0,8 kW	175 kg	1280 kg

Speed when using dobby . 170 RPM
Speed when using eccentric equipment . 180 RPM max.

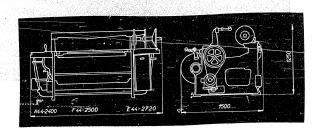
## LOOM DIMENSIONS

Туре	Width	Height	Depth	Dimensions of machine in seaworthy packing	Distance between foundation bolts
A 44	2400 .mm	1250 mm	1500 mm	1640×1200×2500	1452×1070
F 44	2500 mm	1250 mm	1500 mm	1640×1200×2600	1552×1070
E 44	2720 mm	1250 mm	1500 mm	1640×1200×2820	1772×1070

shuttle
temple rollers
spare warp beam
spare cloth roller
wet counter
transformer
5-shaft eccenter equipment
selvedge weave equipment
warp droppers
pirns

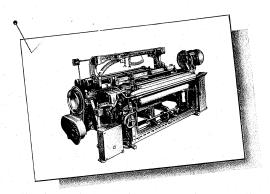
As our machines are being constantly improved, the data of the leaflet are not binding in detail.

When ordering state the voltage of the power feed for the motors and the transformer!



ES AUTOMATIC LOOM THE LOOM WITH A THOUSAND POSSIBILITIES KOVO

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## INTRODUCTION OF THE ES LOOM

This concerns the universal Loom, from the basic construction of which a wide range of 1,100 variations may be achieved and this figure speaks for itself.

This loom is manufactured in three different basic executions, namely the type ES I for light-weight fabric, the type ES II for medium-heavy fabric and the type ES III for heavy-weight fabric. All these three executions are variations of the same loom, to the standard construction of which only several parts are medified as necessary. Upon special adjustment, this loom may be converted to a Turkish towel loom or to a loom for the weaving of cotton coloured goods. Besides the standard width, manufactured as stated before, these looms may be supplied in any desired width, if required. Rich experience ensures that the individual functioning parts are perfectly designed with regard to textile technology and the highest possible degree of utility of the machine is thereby achieved.

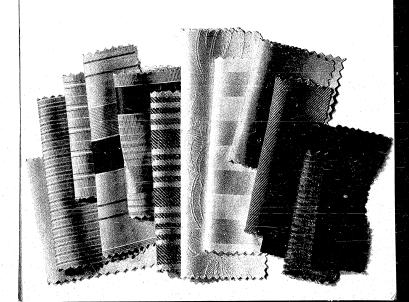
To mention further advantages and features of these machines, we wish to stress the following:

- 1 The long working ability of the ES Loom when compared with other makes, which is due to its perfectly designed and robust construction.
- and round constitution.

  2 The ES Loom is provided with a countershaft and V-belts which assist in the achievement of the desired number of revolutions of the crankshaft with respect to the kind of the varn used.
- 3 One female operator may attend on an average 20—40 looms. The exact number is dependent on the reedspace of the loom and on the kind of fabric produced.
- 4 The loom is perfectly balanced so that it works without any jolting.
- The purposeful and simple design of the loom enables easy adjustment and attendance of the machine. All the parts are easily accessible.
- 6 The parts are manufactured according to the tolerance system, thus ensuring their easy replacement.
  7 The loom is provided with a tested drum pirn magazine with a ratchet safety wheel.
- 8 The feeler which puts the pirm replacing mechanism into operation finishes the replacement prior to the weft being completely woven off, thus eliminating faults in the fabric.

- 9 The temple cutter and special scissors on the lever controlling the shuttle position reliably cut off and remove the west thread when the pirns are replaced and thus prevent weaving in of the west ends.
- 10 A simply designed automatic warp let-off motion accurately regulates the tensioning of the warp. The ES Loom, due to its versatile applicability, is the best ally in your competitive combat.

Be the reason for the sale crisis of textiles in various parts of the world as it may, there is one decisive point; this situation can be solved with success only by improvements in quality with simultaneous price reductions. Only thus can you get the buyers interested in your products and prevail over competition. The more difficult the market situation of textile products, the greater are the requirements for their quality, assortment and the machines themselves. The existing method of production may not always prove sufficient and it is therefore advisable to aim at a developed production system. It is necessary to attain the highest possible productivity at the minimum production costs, it is desirable to automatic the weaving mills and to equip them with the most suitable machines. At the same time it is necessary to hear in mind that nowadays a close specialization in production does not allow progress and it is necessary to install machines of versation applicability, thus ensuring quick operative changes and a speedy reorganization of production, if necessary. The ES Loom complies with these requirements in an excellent manner. If properly adjusted, it is possible to manufacture the first-class quality cotton, flax and rayon fabries of first-class quality ranging from the light-weight kinds to a technical fabric. By means of an inside treading motion it is possible to weave 2-A, 2-A, 4 and 5-shaft binding. This loom is further suitable for the use of dobbies for multishaft weaves and jacquard machines for rich jacquard patterns.







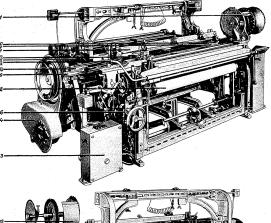
2 Disengaging mechanism
3 Mounting of electric installation
4 Drive of the loom
5 Band brake

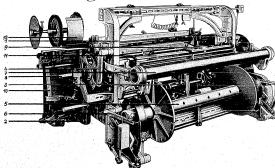
6 Goods roller 7 Temples 8 Winding-on arrangement

11 Pirn 12 Weft stop motion

10 Shuttle

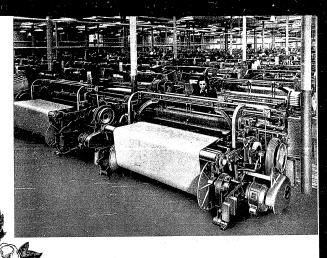
13 Shuttle box

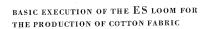




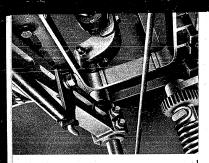
- 1 Frame of the loom 2 Mounting of the subslay 3 Crankshaft
- 4 Jaw brakes
- 8 Shedding motion
- 5 Warp beam 6 Negative warp let-off motion 7 Yarn rest

- 9 Connecting red 10 Picking motion 11 Warp stop motion
  - 12 Drum pirn magazine



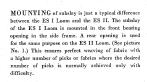


When manufacturing the cotton ES Looms we concentrated on the types ES I and ES II in order to respect the main interests of our customers. The type ES I is a light loom in general, the chief characteristic of which is a lighter construction of the frame and all other mechanisms, thus resulting in a greater number of picks. This loom is suitable for weaving cotton fabric weighing approx. 150-300 grammes per one square metre - if you deal with looms with a reedspace up to 145 cm - and 150-250 grammes per one square metre if wider looms are concerned. The type ES II is destined for medium and medium-heavy fabric weighing 300-450 grammes per one square metre in the case of looms with a reedspace of 145 cm and 250-350 grammes per one square metre for wider looms. This type of loom is generally more powerful, heavier and the number of picks is reduced approx. by 10 per cent when compared with the ES I Loom. The ES I Loom is required mostly for a reedspace of 115 cm, the ES II Loom for reedspaces of 135, 175, 195 aud 225 cm. For a survey of the executions of individual parts of this basic ES Loom see the following pages.



DESCRIPTION OF THE INDIVIDUAL MECHANISMS OF THE COTTON ES LOOM

FRAMEWORK is standard, only the reinforcement for various widths and types of looms are varied. The heavier ES II type Loom has the framework of the same frame more reinforced by a greater number of supports and by a rea cross girder which is excluded on the ES I Loom.



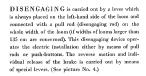
SLAY CAP of the ES II Loom is of a much more heavy construction when compared with that of the ES I Loom which is made of wood. As a result the blowing power of the slay is increased. On this saly cap there is mounted a shuttle trap. The slay cap on wider looms is fitted with a device for hand operation of the knock-off fingers by means of a round shaped belt on its entire length.

SLAY is designed to carry alternatively a fast soldered or pitch-bonded reed. It is made of steel section with shuttle race of bonded wood. (See picture No. 2.)



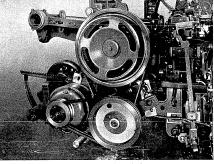
SHUTTLE BOX has a fast front vall and a springing rear one, thus preventing any possible damage of the shuttle. The rear wall is further fitted with a shuttle flap which carries out the movement of knock-off finger, and with a leather covered braking flap used for braking the shuttle. (See picture No. 3.)

SHAFTS have diameters of 42 cm or 45 cm, depending on the width and the type of the boom. They are mounted in plain bearings with ring lubrication. The crankshaft on the right side of the loom is lengthened for alternative fitting of the dobby drive with a vertical shaft, or the jacquard machine with a vertical shaft or a link chain.

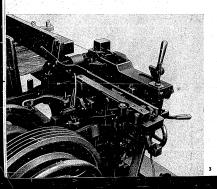


ELECTRIC INSTALLATION is mounted in a closed dust-proof cast-iron box. It is designed for the possibility of a reverse motion of the loom and electric motor. The box for the electric installation is universally designed to sail various working voltages of 120, 220, 380, 415 and 550 V with an individual transformer rated for 12 and 40 V, allowing at the same time connection with the electrical warp stop motion and electrical werk feeler. The switch placed on the box serves as a safety device to exclude any involuntary start of the loom.

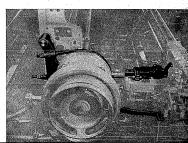


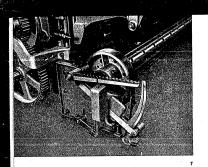


DRIVE is always situated on the left side of the machine and is carried out by an individual electric motor and slipping friction clutch. The drive from the electric motor is by means of V-belts. (See picture No. 5.) It is, at the same time, possible to insert a reduction genwith a built-up motor pulley in order to reduce the revolutions of the loom, if desired. The electric motor with an increased engaging moment is designed specially for evearing purposes and is enclosed in a dust-proof cover. The required power of the electric motor depends on the type of the loom. If not stated otherwise, the loom is equipped with an electric motor rated for 380/220 V, 50 cycles.



BRAKING is carried out either by jaw-type brakes in the case of engaging the knock-off fingers or by a combined band brake in the case of stopping the machine. (See picture No. 6.)





WARP BEAM is a seamless machined tube of 110 mm dia, and is provided with openings for fixing on the bundle of warp threads. The flanges are smoothly machined with a dia. 550 mm or  $600\ \mathrm{mm}.$  Mounting is carried out according to the

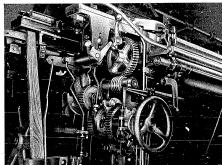
WARP LET-OFF with a worm gearing is operated by a ratchet and multiple pawl. The motion of the pawls is influenced by the negative part of the regulator, which thus enables equalizing of the warp tension.



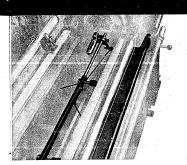
NEGATIVE WARP LET-OFF is principally a brake which automatically maintains a constant warp tension during a reduction of diameter of the warp beam. (See picture No. 7.)

TAKE-UP MOTION. The looms may be equipped either with spur wheel or worm wheel driven take-up motions. Both types of take-up motions are equipped with changeable gear wheels in order to achieve the desired number of picks. As far as the use of these take-up motions for individual types of ES Looms is concerned, the decisive point here remains the purpose which these looms. have to comply with. (See picture No. 8.)

YARN REST. Using the worm wheel driven warp let-off, it is possible to equip the loom with a single yarn rest fitted with springs for light-weight fabric, or with a heavier double yarn



rest, the inside one being fitted with springs and the outside one rocking. The rocking motion is caused by eccentrics mounted on the crankshaft. In the case of the negative let-off motion, the loom is equipped with a double yarn rest, the inside one being set freely and the outside one rocking. (See picture No. 9 Yarn rest for the negative warp let-off

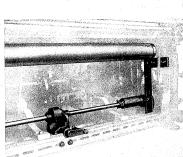


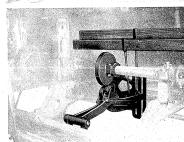
TEMPLES are mounted on a rod fitted with springs which prevents any damage of the shuttle. (See picture No. 10.) On the magazine side the temple is equipped with special scissors which reliably cut the west projecting upon the pirn replacement.

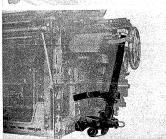
WINDING-ON ARRANGEMENT. The goods roller is pressed on the sand roller by means of toothed combs and springs. The sand roller is covered with a perforated sheet. The maximum diameter of the winding-on of the goods roller is 350 mm. (See picture No. 11.)

SHEDDING MOTION. The standard loom equipment includes a two-shaft treading motion for plain weave. (See picture No. 12.) The eccentric resist is  $120^{\circ}$  or  $150^{\circ}$ . It is also possible to equip the loom with a 2- to 4-shaft, or 2- to 5-shaft shedding motion for basic weaves. An edge device and a dobby up to 16 shafts may also be added.

PICKING MOTION is of a lower system with pickers and rock mounted picking arms. The picking eccentrics are split and adjustable. Their tip is specially hardened and can be easily replaced. (See picture No. 13.)

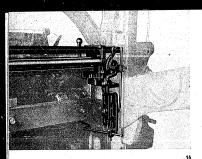








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SHUTTLE AND PIRN. The ES Looms are adjusted to take normalized right side shuttles for automatic prin replacement. (Shuttles with a right-side guide.) The opening for the weft is placed in the middle. The pirns for these shuttles are of 27 mm or 39 mm head

WARP STOP MOTION is a mechanical, four-row type, driven by the lower shaft either by means of an excenter, or by a gear, see picture No. 14, or an electrical six-row one.

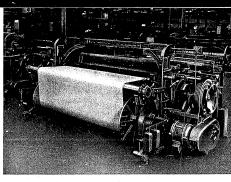
dia. and are provided with steel rings.

WEFT STOP MOTION. The looms are equipped with a weft fork placed on the left side of the loom, which is automatically stopped in the event of weft breakage. (See picture No. 15.) It is alternatively possible to adjust it so that instead of stopping the loom, it replaces a new pirn without interrupting the run of the loom.

PIRN REPLACEMENT is carried out automatically by means of a drum magazine holding 28 piras. It is operated either by a mechanical or electrical weft feeler. When replacing the pira, the shuttle position is controlled by a weft-end cutter serving for cutting-off and holding the previous weft. (See picture

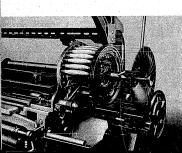




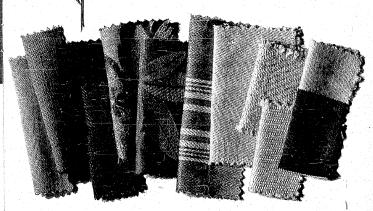


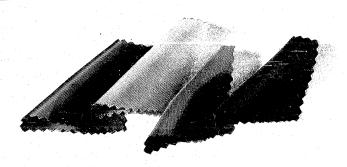
#### EXECUTION OF THE LOOM FOR FLAX WEAVING

The E. Loon can easily be adjusted for weaving flax fabric. As it is evident from the general conception of the 18 Loom, some essential changes in construction are excluded. The execution for flax weaving requires only the special functioning of several mechanisms. In this case the negative warp let-off-mption — which is especially suitable for high warp tension — is concerned in the first place. Further, a focking double yarn rest in an alternative execution for a shorter or longer distance of heald shafts is added to the above. As the characteristics of flax sometimes require reductions in the revolutions of face loom, it is purposely equipped with a countershaft in the drive. A special arrangement of the countershaft ensures a continuous change of revolutions in a range of approx 30 revolutions. The valuable experience of the Czechoslovak Textile Industry in processing flax, which is its home textile material, ensures that this loom exactly meets all requirements of flax weaving.



ENLIN





### EXECUTION OF THE LOOM FOR RAYON WEAVING

In order to comply with the universal wishes of our customers we have also started the nanufacture of ES Looms adjusted for rayon weaving. These looms are manufactured in the ES I execution and in widths of 135 cm and 175 cm, which are mostly required. This case also concerns the universal execution of the ES Loom. However, due to the individual characteristics of rayon, some special modifications are necessary, which, on the other hand, only slightly alter the contraction, the basic conception of the loom remaining unchanged. It is necessary to stress especially the increase of revolutions enabled by the different characteristics of cotton and rayon fibre. The yarn rest is special, simple and turnable. The shutness is plant covered and so are the discs of the drum magazine through which the rayon threads pass. The temples are special with a single ring. The sand roller is covered with enercy cloth and provided with a special pressing on bar to prevent slipping. The shuttle is provided with a special guide and welth braking. Another peculiarity is the warp beam made in a lighter execution, especially with regard to flanges. It has also been found necessary to adjust the negative warp let-off motion to sait reduced warp tensioning. The well proved and expecient essign to office the SL born together with these slight modifications, ensuare that our customers will be fully satisfied with our looms and that they will obtain a machine which will assist them in improving the productivity of their weaving mills.

We finally present a summary of the executions of the ES Loom mostly required up to now by our customers:

### EXECUTION FOR COTTON

		Type E	SIIB	
Reedspace	135	175	195	225
Working width	125	165	185	215
Max, width of fabric	300-450 gr/sq. m		250 — 350 gr/sq. m	
Required power in kW	0.8		1.1	
Net weight in kilos	1950	2050	2150	2350
Gross weight in kilos	2750	2850	3000	3250
Dimensions of seaworthy packing				
Height	205 em	205 cm	205 cm	205 cm
Width	154 cm	154 cm	154 cm	154 cm
Length	301 cm	341 cm	361 cm	391 cm

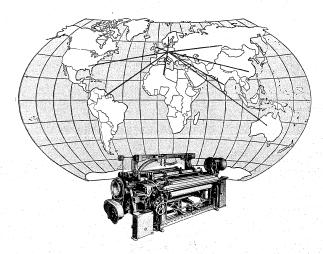
#### EXECUTION FOR FLAX

The type ES II LN has been required and manufactured until now in the same widths as the above looms for cotton. Therefore the data for cotton looms apply to flax looms.

#### EXECUTION FOR RAYON

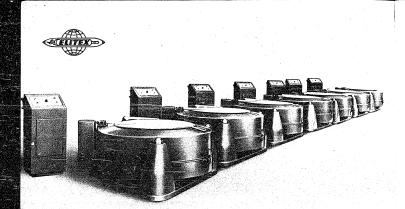
	Type ES I	R
Reedspace	135	175
Working width	125	165
Max. weight of fabric	150-300 gr/sq. m	150-250 gr/sq. m
Required power in kW	0.8	1.1
Net weight	1750 kg	1800 kg
Gross weight	2550 kg	2600 kg
Dimensions of seaworthy packing		
Height	205 cm	205 cm
Width	154 cm	154 cm
Length	301 cm	341 cm

Our looms are continuously being improved and for this reason we reserve the right to alter all the technical data, if



When buying the ES Looms you will also become a member of our great circle of fully satisfied customers. Make the best use of our attractive prices and short delivery terms. You will thus ensure a really advantageous possibility of investing your capital and a considerable margin in your undertaking.





#### SUSPENDED DIRECT ELECTRICALLY DRIVEN HYDROEXTRACTORS 4516

Hydroextracting is recognised throughout the Textile Industry as being the only Economical and Efficient Method of Dehydrating Raw Materials, Yarns and Fabrics during the various stages of processing.

Absolute Uniform Dryness is always obtained, and as the materials are not subjected to Pressure, Squeezing or Tension, there is no possible danger of staining or damaging the goods.

Our standardised, Suspended, direct electrically - driven Hydrocxtractor, Model 4510 produced in series is well-suited (with a few exceptions) for the whitzing of all classes of textile materials, yarns and fabrics. The basket may be adapted to suit special purposes. It can be Vulcanite or Lead lined for the treatment of goods with a higher contents of acid, etc. The machine of standard type consists of a base plate with suspension columns, pan-shaped bed, pinion box, basket, whizzer jacket, separate electric drive, brake and switch cupboard.

In addition the automatic types are fitted with equipment for automatic control.

Our whizzers are made in the following sizes:

19.7" 33.4" 39.4" 47.3" and 59" which is equal to 500 mm 850 mm 1000 mm 1200 mm and 1500 mm Basket Diameter.

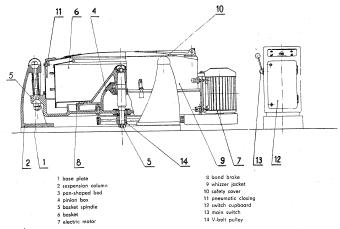
The first two types are non-automatic (with hand brake), the last three are automatic (with automatic braking and stopping).

#### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

On the cast-iron base plate three suspension columns are bolted, in the ball sockets of which the pan-shaped bed is flexibly suspended by tie rods with spherical ends, so that the bed may be slightly moved in all directions. This permits perfect compensation for the basket wobble or vibration.

At the bottom of the bed an outlet is provided.

In the middle of the bed bottom is the pinion box with the basket spindle rotating in anti-friction bearings. On the upper end of the spindle is a cone for attaching the basket. The lower end of the spindle carries the belt pulley.



14 V-belt pulley

The strong steel whizzer jacket is bolted watertight to the The strong steel whitzer jacket is balled valuering to the bed. The cover made of stainless material is of special design to eliminate any deflection. All types of our whitzers have pneumatic closing to prevent the cover from being roised until the basket has completely stopped. Apart from this arrangement the automatic types are fitted with a limit

The interlocks function as follows: The limit switch cuts The interiocks function as follows: The limit switch cuts out the motor on the slight raising of the cover, which can occur only during a short time after the machine has been started, when the basket rotates at a low speed and the pneumatic closing is not yet in action. In this case the limit switch stops instantly the machine, so that accident cannot occur.

On the other hand, if the basket rotates at full speed the pneumatic closing is in action; consequently the cover cannot be raised.

### When the cover is raised the machine cannot

The basket consists of a cast-iron bottom lined with stainless steel plate and fitted with a brake ring for the band brake, as well as of a perforated shell also made of stainless steel plate.

The basket is mounted on a spindle. It is secured by a put and accurately balanced. Its accurate workmanship and reliability in service is guaranteed by an official test chart

supplied with the machine. The machine is driven by an electric motor, which is mounted so as to enable an easy belt tension adjustment.

Special attention has been paied to the electrical equip-ment of our whizzers. The switch cupboard is built as an independent unit containing the main switch, push buttons for the remote control and other accessories.

The automatic control functions so that after the adjusted centrifuging period has passed the motor is automatically cut out and the brake out in action. All electrical equipment for the automatic function and motor protection, as well as for the control is centralised in the above mentioned watertight closed switch cupboard.

The following functions are effected automatically:

The motor is cut out after the adjusted centrifuging period has passed.

The brake is put in action after the motor has been cut out. The cover is secured against raising after the machine has been started.

#### OUTSTANDING FEATURES

High starting torque motor of special design and construction can be coupled directly to the basket spindle without the necessity of a clutch; consequently the construction of the machine is also simplified and the possibility of damage to the motor eliminated. For repairing purposes the motor is easily accessible, and if necessary it can be of the machine is also simplified and the possibility of damage to the motor eliminated. For repairing purposes the motor is easily accessible, and if necessary it can be readily replaced without dismounting the machine. The flexible suspension of the whizzers affording perfect compensation of the basket wobble ensures smooth and

vibrationless running- and permits the machine to be placed also in upper storeys.

The low over-all height enables an easy operation, as well as loading and unloading of the machine. No expensive foundation is necessary.

Wide circumference of the brake bond permits instant stopping of the machine.

Safely is ensured by a securely interlocked cover, by an efficient and closed watertight automatic arrangement and by accurate bolancing and fastening of the basket which is made of high-quality stainless steel.

ſ	4510.12	non-automatic whizzer	19.7" = 500 mm Basket-Dlameter	
1	4510.14		33.4" == 850 mm ,,	
١	4510.15	automatic "	39,4" == 1000 mm ,, ,,	
١	4510.16		47,3" == 1200 mm ., .,	
١	4510.17	1.0	59.0° 1500 mm ,, ,,	

#### S D E C I E I C A T I O N S

Туре		4510.12	4510.14	4510.15	4510.16	4510.17
Number of Fillings per hour	i	6-7	56	45	3-4	34
Weight of Filling (wet goods)	Engl.	lbs 110	lbs 180	lbs 300	lbs 400	lbs 550
	Metr.	50 kg	80 kg	136 kg	180 kg	250 kg
R. p. m. of Basket		1200	1000	950	910	770
Input of Motor		2.2 kW	4,4 kW	5.5 kW	7.5 kW	11 kW
R. p. m. of Motor		1400	1400	1400	1400	1400
Net weight of Machine	Engi.	lbs 730	lbs 2120	lbs 3090	lbs 4080	lbs 6310
	Metr.	330 kg	960 kg	1400 kg	1850 kg	2860 kg
Gross weight of Machine	Engl.	lbs 1000	lbs 2560	lbs 3630	lbs 4850	lbs 7020
	Metr.	455 kg	1160 kg	1644 kg	2200 kg	3180 kg
Length	Engl.	4'	5′ 3″	6′ 2″	7'	8' 1"
	Metr.	1230 mm	1590 mm	1870 mm	2125 mm	2475 mm
Width	Engl.	2' 11"	4′ 2″	4′ 11″	5′ 8″	6′ 8″
	Metr.	880 mm	1260 mm	1500 mm	1730 mm	2030 mm
Height	Engl.	2′ 6″	2′ 6″	2′ 10″	3′ 1″	3′ 3″
	Metr.	760 mm	750 mm	860 mm	950 mm	980 mm
Space required (cubic yards)	Engl.	1.962	3.662	5.886	8.633	9.156
	Metr.	1.5 cbm	2.8 cbm	4.5 cbm	6,6 cbm	7 cbm

The efficiency of the machine depends on the properties of the goods subjected to centrifugal action.

The weight of machine is always including the switch cupboard.

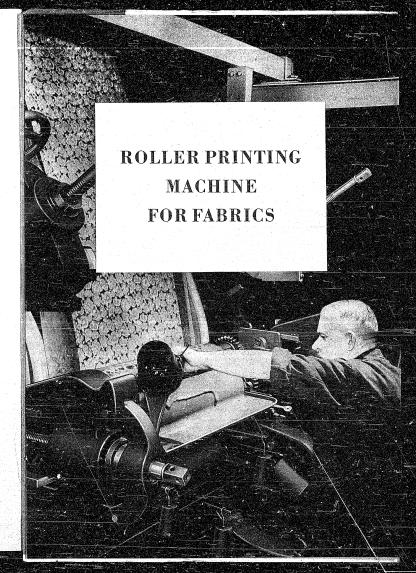
We are sure of meeting your requirements if you answer (as for as possible) the questions in our enquiry sheet. Our open tivil also be pleased to submit you and fifter on request.

We also call your attention to the other types of our high-efficiency precision machines, as the machines described in this prospecture preprised in a small part of our production programme, if you are interested in other machines, kindly write for leaflets.

As improvements in design are continually being made, this specification is not to be regarded as binding in detail, and dimensions are subject to alteration without notice.

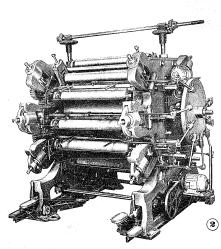


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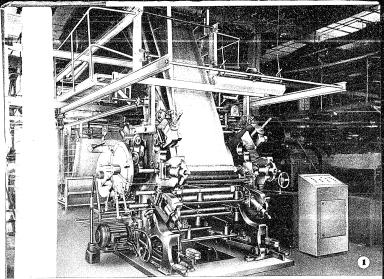
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High Output-Print of Quality-Reliable Working-Easy Operation-



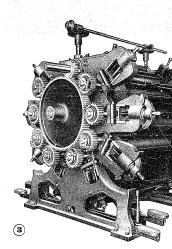
are the four imperative points by which you will be guided when choosing, and eventually, buying your printing machines.

Incited by these four requirements we have gone to work of creating textile printing machines which would satisfy the most exacting demands.



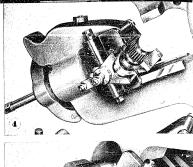
Experiences drawn from a close cooperation between the textile industry, modern chemistry development and between general technical advance have made it possible constantly to improve our machines which are engineering items built in this country for 70 years.

The result of all our endeavours is our modern printing plant (Fig. 1) of which most important is the printing machine (Fig. 2) which offers a number of new features:

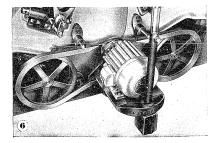


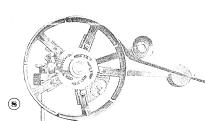
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- 1) First of all there is the printing manufred which runs in coller bearings instead of in the usual slide bearings, by which a great economy in driving mover is achieved, reduced wear of the entire machine, and a saytine in individuals. Since those bearings do not require any particular attendance the machine is more reliable in operation and emobies reaching higher orputs, Insertion and removed of the mandrels is the same as that in bronne bushes, the roller bearings lying open and consisting of rollers joined up into an endless belt. (Fig. 4)
- As against the old attendance of the machine from both sides this machine provides axial numbrel adjustment which is done only from one side of the machine. (Pig. 5)
- 3) The colour boxes have rounded corners so that they
- 4) The metre counting device with signalling equipment and with speed gauger enables economical operation and continuous following up of the work in progress.
- 5) In the old machines the lifting and lowering of the complete bottom colour applying units was tollowen and there was always a danger of damaging the copper roller. This difficulty is eliminated by the use of an electromechanical device performing the heavy work. (Pig. 6)
- 6) The old way of driving the dector blades so that their motion was in agreement with the revolutions of the machine has been replaced by a separate doctor blade drive shown in Fig. 2. This improvement removes dector chatter and the possible appearance of colour streaks on the fabric.





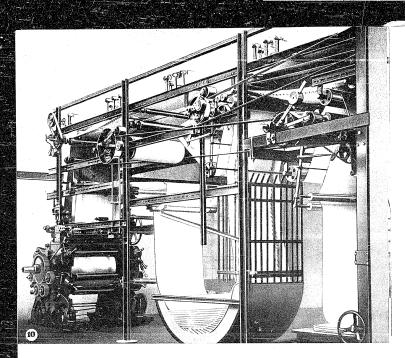




- 7) Any danger of the doctor blades jamming in the event of the machine stopping suddress; eliminated by the segmented brake of the press-on roller which goes into action instantan country.
- sin standard execution the machine is driven by a variable superstands; the speed of the machines printing with a small number of colours is reduced by a small property whereas machines printing a large number of colours are provided within two-step speed wheel
  - Not only the construction of printing machines has received great attention in our works, but also the building of all the machines supplementing the first mentioned, for instance:
- 9) The Drying Chumber which is supplied as part of the printing plant and which, according to expert opinion from all over the world, belongs among the best drying systems for use after printing. It has been designed for drying any kind of printed fabric, no matter what kind of dye has been used, and consists of four or five drying and cooling sections. Hot afforms the air heater is driven into the drying sections by a fan which ensures that the fabric is evenly drief in all parts of the drying space. The average steam consumption is 150 kg/hour, but varies according to the kind, thickness and width of the fabric, the kind of colour used, the printing speed, as well as the size of the printed pattern. Due to the purposeful design of the drying chumber heat losses have been reduced to a minimum.
- 10) The sheet iron cylinders and the sheet iron skeleton cylinders of the drying chamber are protected against corrosion. All the cylinders run in ball bearing which eliminates the danger of soiling the fabric, ensures safe and idly work, smooth running of the machine and operation without stendance; also the amount of driving power required is thus very low.
- 11) After a finished printing job the dried fabric may be removed from the drying chamber by a special device while the printing machine is being prepared for further operation.
- 12) A variable belt pulley enabling pulley circumference adjustment during operation of the machine enables regulating the fabric or back-grey tension.
- 13) When thin fabric is printed the colour often penetrates to the wrong side of the fabric and thus it becomes necessary to protect the front rollers of the drying chember from sollins by colour. This is done by the back-grey being looped into the drying section, from where it is led upre-dried back into the printing machine, and only then it enters the drying chamber for final drying.
- 14) Smooth operation of the printing plant is assured by the use of a back-grey several hundred metres long. During operation (I lies plaited down in a folding gear which acts as autically arranged back-grey magnatine (fig. 10), combacted with a reversing device enabling using both sides of the back-grey, so that there is no uneven wear of the latter.



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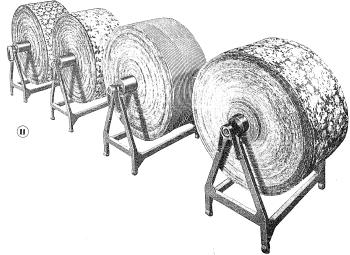
No printing and drying plant is complete without an efficient Winding-on device which can be connected to any machine of the working process and which enables working with large, time saving cloth rolls. It is an advantage to work with several Supporting Stands (Fig. 11) for transporting the cloth rolls. The Winding-off Devices resemble the Winding-on Devices and are accommodated right behind the printing machine, thus enabling winding-off from large cloth rolls.

Another useful item is the hoisting crane, fitted above the printing machine, for lifting the printing rollers out, or lowering them into the machine. The crane requires only one operator.

The air driven selvedge guiders introducing the fabric and the back-grey correctly into the machine are a further safeguard of faultless work.



Much time and money can be saved in the printing process when working with washable blankets. The ones supplied with our printing machines wear only to the smallest degree, due to their careful design and arrangement. The washed blanket is immediately dried by hot air in a special compartment of the drying chamber.



Three alternative designs of our printing machine are available, to cater for individual needs, and it is one of the tasks of our staff to assist the customer to choose that machine which will fit in with the operation of his mill.

The three alternative designs are:

- 1. The printing equipment working with ordinary blanket and back-grey, for one sided printing of light and medium weight fabrics, strongly through-coloured.
- 2. The printing equipment working with a washable blanket and without back-grey, for printing medium and heavy weight fabrics which are not appreciably through coloured
- 3. The printing equipment representing a combination of the two first mentioned alternatives.

On request we supply:

- 1. the drying chamber on the same floor with the printing machine,
- 2. the drying chamber on the floor above the printing machine.

The standard printing equipment is supplied for a fabric width of 1.000  $\mbox{mm} = 40 \mbox{\ensuremath{^{\prime\prime}}},$ or 1.400 mm = 55" and consists of the following parts:

A printing machine for 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8 or 10 colours,

- a speed wheel gearing,
- a drying chamber,
- a winding-off device with one supporting stand,
- a winding on device with one supporting stand,
- a crane for inserting the printing rollers into the printing machine,
- 2 pairs of air driven selvedge guiders,
- a complete electrical outfit, and a washing machine for machines working with washable blankets.

With the above named printing equipment a number of further essentials may be supplied such as steam agers, foulards, hotflues, open width washing machines, vacuum type colour filtering machines, colour boiling apparatus, forcing machines for fitting rollers on to mandrels, a crane for the copper roller storage, an engraving machine for engraving patterns on the copper rollerscomplete with a grinding machine, etc. The enumerated items are named only as examples and do not by far represent a complete specification of the machines which we are able to supply with the printing plant. You are invited to make your specific enquiries whereupon we shall furnish you with our offer on any machine of our production range.



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We normally supply the following:

#### A PASTING APPARATUS — Type 4482 (Fig. 1)

A PASTING APPARATUS — Type 4882 (Fig. 1)
This carries the rolls of fabric and is haid operated to ensure that
the smoothing and pasting of the fabric in constantly controlled.
The apparatus fixes the fabric to the table surface without
wrinkles and ten times quicker than when pinning and hand pasting methods are used.

A PRINTING MECHANISM - Type 4480 and 4481 (Figs. 2 and 3) a CADALIMA BEALBANDSH— Type 4480 and 4161 (Figs. 2 and 3) with hand operated or automatic spreading of the colour over the screen. The screens travel on rails from one position to another. Type 4480, which is hand operated, is used for fabric widths up to 1400 mm. On the type 4481 automatic printing apparatus the squeegees are driven by two endless chains.

#### A SCREEN FRAME

made of a special steel section carries the gauze with the design. By slightly heating the thermoplastic substance in the grooves of the frame the serven fabric can be fixed to the frame easily and

A DETACHING AND WINDING ON EQUIPMENT — Type 4485 A DLI ALTHOU AND A STATE AND A

#### A WASHING APPARATUS - Types 4483 and 4484 (Fig. 5)

A WASHING APPARATUS — Types 4485 and 4604 (193, 9) removes the remainders of paste and colour from the table. It is supplied with a manual or an automatic motion. Type 4483 is provided with a manually operated driving wheel. Type 4484 is driven by electric power and works automatically. It moistens the surface of the printing table, washes it, and wipes the drity water into the troughs provided on both sides of the printing table.

#### PUT-AWAY TABLES

to which those mechanisms are removed which are not in use at the moment.

#### SLIDING STAGES

for comfortable moving of individual mechanisms from one printing table to another, and from there to the put-away table.

specially milled; fitted to the whole length of the printing table. DOUBLE REPEAT PIECES

on the rail; on very wide tables also simple stops on the rear rail. The repeat pieces ensure accurate registering of the screen. A TENSIONING TABLE — Type 4487 (Fig. 4) for uniform fixing of the screen gauze to the frame by an air operated mechanism.

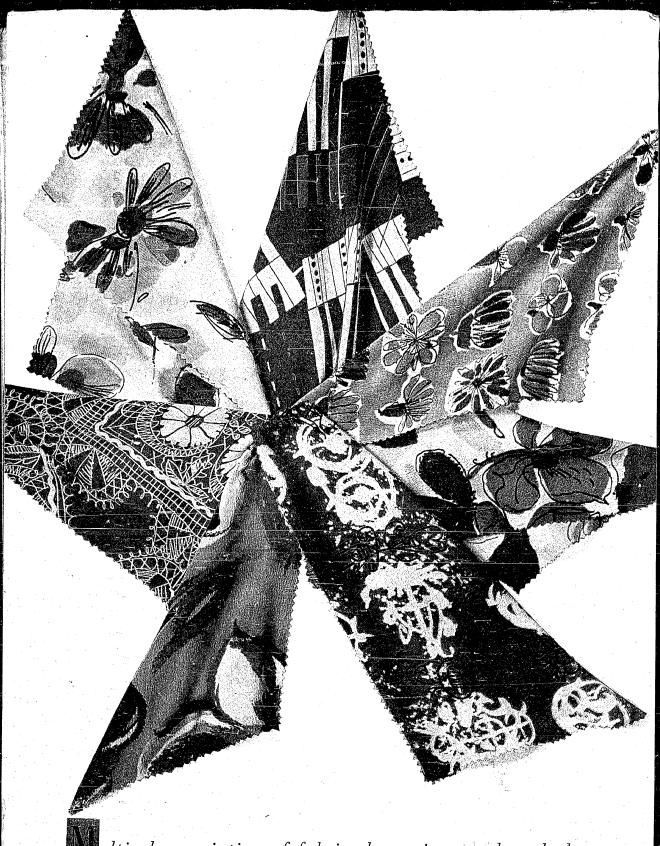
#### OUR MECHANISED SCREEN PRINTING EQUIPMENT

OUR MECHANISED SCREEN PRINTING EQUIPMENT is five limes more efficient than hand operated printing machinery. The preparing of the screens is incomparably easier, quicker, and cheaper than the engraving of rollers for roller printing. It makes full use of the colour shades without the possibility of their soling each other, a danger always present with machine printing by means of rollers. Multiple spacegoing of the colour ensures perfect and bright colouring of the fabric. Our machinery can be fixed to any wooden, metal, or concrete tables which are provided with a felt covering and a washable foil.

Ask for a detailed offer!

PRAHA-CZECHOSLOVAKIA

ČOK 31282 a - 5407 - Sčt 04 - 940



The mechanised screen printing of fabrics on firm tables means an increased output in your mill, extended production possibilities and a substantial reduction of your production costs.

A simple equipment for printing every kind of fabric, without danger of the colours running or smudging. Economical printing even of small quantities of the finest types of fashionable and luxury fabrics, as well as of large surfaces and large patterns.